

B.Sc. II (Math (Hons))

Study Material

Paper - 4

Application of
Topic : Laplace Transformation

Material Sl. no -

3



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Application of Laplace Transformation

Solution of simultaneous ODE

Example

Solve the S.E.

$$(D-2)x + 3y = 0$$

$$2x + (D-1)y = 0, \quad x(0) = 8, y(0) = 3$$

Soln:

First we rewrite the given S.E.

$$x' - 2x + 3y = 0$$

$$2x + y' - y = 0$$

Applying Laplace transformation on both sides of the above two equations we get

$$L(x') - L(2x) + L(3y) = 0 \quad \text{--- (i)}$$

$$2L(x) + L(y') - L(y) = 0 \quad \text{--- (ii)}$$

From (i) we get

$$sL(x) - x(0) - 2L(x) + 3L(y) = 0$$

$$\text{or, } (s-2)L(x) + 3L(y) = 8 \quad \text{--- (iii)}$$

Again from (ii) we get

$$2L(x) + sL(y) - y(0) - L(y) = 0$$

$$\text{or, } 2L(x) + (s-1)L(y) = 3 \quad \text{--- (iv)}$$

$$\text{(iii)} \times 2 - \text{(iv)} (s-2) \text{ gives}$$

$$6L(y) - (s-1)(s-2)L(y) = 16 - 3(s-2)$$

$$\text{or, } L(y) \cdot [(s-1)(s-2) - 6] = 2(s-2) - 16$$

$$\text{or, } L(x) [s^2 - 3s + 2 - 6] = 3s - 6 - 16$$

$$\text{or, } L(x) [s^2 - 3s - 4] = 3s - 22$$

$$\text{or, } L(x) = \frac{3s - 22}{s^2 - 3s - 4}$$

$$y = L^{-1} \left(\frac{3s - 22}{(s-4)(s+1)} \right) \quad \text{--- (v)}$$

$$\text{Let } \frac{3s - 22}{(s-4)(s+1)} = \frac{A}{s-4} + \frac{B}{s+1}$$

$$= \frac{A(s+1) + B(s-4)}{(s-4)(s+1)}$$

$$\text{or, } 3s - 22 = A(s+1) + B(s-4)$$

$$\text{Putting } s = -1, \text{ we get } -25 = -5B$$

$$B = 5$$

$$\text{Again putting } s = 4, \text{ we get } -10 = 5A$$

$$\text{or, } A = -2$$

So from (v) we get

$$y = L^{-1} \left(\frac{-2}{s-4} \right) + L^{-1} \left(\frac{5}{s+1} \right)$$

$$y = -2e^{4t} + 5e^{-t}$$

Again putting the value of $L(x)$ from (iii) we get

$$(s-2)L(x) + 3 = \frac{3s-22}{s^2-3s-4} \quad \text{--- (ii)}$$

$$\text{or, } (s-2)L(x) = \frac{3s-22-9s+66}{s^2-3s-4}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{or, } (s-2) L(x) &= \frac{8s^2 - 33s + 34}{(s-4)(s+1)} \\
 &= \frac{8s^2 - 16s - 17s + 34}{(s-4)(s+1)} \\
 &= \frac{8s(s-2) - 17(s-2)}{(s-4)(s+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{or, } L(x) = \frac{8s - 17}{(s-4)(s+1)}$$

$$\text{or, } x = L^{-1} \left(\frac{8s - 17}{(s-4)(s+1)} \right) \quad \text{--- (vi)}$$

$$\text{Let } \frac{8s - 17}{(s-4)(s+1)} = \frac{C}{s-4} + \frac{D}{s+1}$$

$$\text{or, } 8s - 17 = (s+1)C + (s-4)D$$

Let

putting $s = -1$, we get

$$-25 = -5D \quad \text{or, } D = 5$$

Again putting $s = 4$ we get

$$15 = 5C \quad \text{or, } C = 3$$

So from (vi) we have

$$x = L^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{s-4} \right) + L^{-1} \left(\frac{5}{s+1} \right)$$

$$x = 3e^{4t} + 5e^{-t}$$

Hence $x = 3e^{4t} + 5e^{-t}$

& $y = 5e^{-t} - 2e^{4t}$ is the required solution